

## Sequence analysis

# bioBakery: a meta'omic analysis environment

Lauren J. McIver<sup>1,2</sup>, Galeb Abu-Ali<sup>1,2</sup>, Eric A. Franzosa<sup>1,2</sup>,  
Randall Schwager<sup>1,2</sup>, Xochitl C. Morgan<sup>1,2,3</sup>, Levi Waldron<sup>4</sup>,  
Nicola Segata<sup>5</sup> and Curtis Huttenhower<sup>1,2,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Biostatistics, Harvard T. H. Chan School of Public Health, Boston, MA 02115, USA, <sup>2</sup>The Broad Institute of MIT and Harvard, Cambridge, MA 02142, USA, <sup>3</sup>Department of Microbiology and Immunology, University of Otago, Dunedin 9054, New Zealand, <sup>4</sup>Graduate School of Public Health and Health Policy, City University of New York, New York, NY 10027, USA and <sup>5</sup>Centre for Integrative Biology, University of Trento, Trento 38123, Italy

\*To whom correspondence should be addressed.

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## Abstract

**Summary:** bioBakery is a meta'omic analysis environment and collection of individual software tools with the capacity to process raw shotgun sequencing data into actionable microbial community feature profiles, summary reports, and publication-ready figures. It includes a collection of pre-configured analysis modules also joined into workflows for reproducibility.

**Availability and implementation:** bioBakery (<http://huttenhower.sph.harvard.edu/biobakery>) is publicly available for local installation as individual modules and as a virtual machine image. Each individual module has been developed to perform a particular task (e.g. quantitative taxonomic profiling or statistical analysis), and they are provided with source code, tutorials, demonstration data, and validation results; the bioBakery virtual image includes the entire suite of modules and their dependencies pre-installed. Images are available for both Amazon EC2 and Google Compute Engine. All software is open source under the MIT license. bioBakery is actively maintained with a support group at [biobakery-users@googlegroups.com](mailto:biobakery-users@googlegroups.com) and new tools being added upon their release.

**Contact:** [chuttenh@hsph.harvard.edu](mailto:chuttenh@hsph.harvard.edu)

**Supplementary information:** [Supplementary data](#) are available at *Bioinformatics* online.

## 1 Introduction

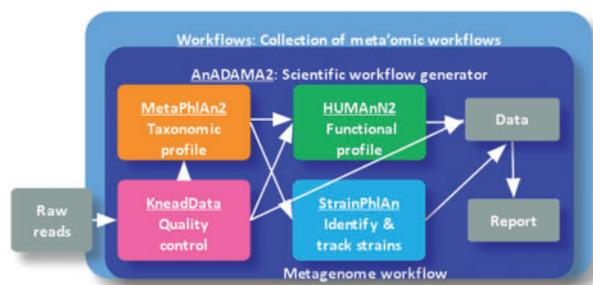
The bioBakery suite is a collection of computational tools for quantitative microbial community analysis based on meta'omic (shotgun metagenome or metatranscriptome) sequencing data. It includes individual tools, workflows for executing them reproducibly, and a pre-built virtual environment that abrogates the burden of identifying and installing those tools and their dependencies. A full list of tools in the suite is included in the [Supplementary Material](#).

bioBakery implements complete 'fire-and-forget' analysis workflows for sample quality control, profiling and visualization, reducing the time users spend actively directing computations while ensuring workflow accuracy and completeness. The workflows

perform dependency-driven, scalable analysis and produce a set of validated data products and standardized summary reports. Each can be executed with a single command and enables seamless distribution of tasks locally or across a grid computing environment.

## 2 The bioBakery suite

The tool suite is composed of software in three categories: (i) composition analysis, (ii) statistical analysis, and (iii) infrastructure and utilities ([Supplementary Fig. S1](#)). Composition analysis tools take shotgun-sequencing data as input to quantify the presence and abundance of microbial features, e.g. species, strains, gene families, and



**Fig. 1.** The default metagenome workflow incorporates several individual tools that together process raw sequences into a set of data products, reports and visualizations

metabolic pathways. The products from these tools are data tables, which can then be processed by statistical analysis or visualization tools to identify significant associations (among microbial features or with sample metadata). Infrastructure and utilities tools support common meta'omic analyses in part through dependency-driven, reproducible workflows ([http://huttenhower.sph.harvard.edu/biobakery\\_workflows](http://huttenhower.sph.harvard.edu/biobakery_workflows)) built with AnADAMA2 (<http://huttenhower.sph.harvard.edu/anadama2>).

### 3 bioBakery workflows

bioBakery workflows provide simple and reproducible execution of the many complex steps in processing meta'omic sequencing data. bioBakery includes a collection of data processing and visualization workflows that, starting from raw shotgun sequencing reads (metagenomic or metatranscriptomic), efficiently processes data through read-level quality control, taxonomic, and functional profiling steps. Workflows also exist to process raw 16S RNA gene sequencing data. The outputs of the data processing workflow are then forwarded to a visualization workflow for generating data reports and publication-ready figures (Supplementary Fig. S2). For detailed workflow diagrams, default workflow settings, and instructions on how to customize workflow parameters, refer to the bioBakery workflows user manual.

#### 3.1 Metagenomic application example

The following two commands execute integrated workflows that process raw shotgun metagenomic sequencing reads (Fig. 1):

```
$ biobakery_workflows wmgx -input <fastq_folder> -output
<data_folder>
$ biobakery_workflows wmgx_vis -input <data_folder> -out-
put <vis_folder> -project-name <project>
```

In the first command, the input is a directory containing shotgun sequencing data (e.g. gzip-compressed fastq files) and the output is a directory where the data products are written (e.g. feature abundance tables). In the second command, the input is the directory of data products created by the first command and the output is a directory where the visualizations are written. See the bioBakery workflows tutorial for demo data sets including raw input files, data products and visualizations.

### 4 bioBakery homebrew packages

The bioBakery tool suite can be installed locally on MacOS with the Homebrew package manager (<http://brew.sh/>), and on Linux with the Linuxbrew package manager (<http://linuxbrew.sh/>). Linuxbrew

does not require root permissions, thus making it ideal for a single user installing tools in a grid computing environment that does not have a container platform available. The bioBakery Homebrew formulas are available at <https://github.com/biobakery/homebrew-biobakery>. For detailed instructions on how to install the bioBakery Homebrew formulas, see the section on “installing bioBakery” in the Supplementary Material.

### 5 bioBakery virtual machine

The bioBakery virtual machine (VM) is a Vagrant (<https://www.vagrantup.com/>) box with VirtualBox (<https://www.virtualbox.org/>) as the provider, currently running Ubuntu 16.04. All releases are hosted by Vagrant at <https://app.vagrantup.com/biobakery/boxes/biobakery>. See the Supplementary Material for detailed instructions on installing and running the bioBakery VM. The bioBakery VM is ideally suited for analyzing small data sets or for learning how to run tools in the suite with their corresponding tutorials. The recommended resources for running the VM are 12 GB of RAM [of which 8 GB (tunable default) is allocated to the VM] and 16 GB of available disk space. Users lacking these resources can forego the VM installation and fetch individual bioBakery tools using the Homebrew formulas or Docker images (detailed in Supplementary Material).

### 6 Scaling up bioBakery

For large data sets, a grid or cloud computing environment is recommended with the tool suite installed using Homebrew or Docker images. If using Google Compute Engine (GCE), a public Google Cloud image is available for bioBakery through the bioBakery Google Cloud Bucket. There are two steps to start running with the bioBakery Google Cloud image: (i) create your own image from the public image and (ii) create your own VM instance from your new image. If using Amazon EC2, use the public bioBakery Amazon Machine Image (AMI) when creating your instance. The minimal recommended configuration (sufficient for running all bioBakery demos) is the machine type ‘n1-standard-2’ for GCE and ‘t2.large’ for Amazon EC2 (each providing ~8 GB of RAM and 2 CPU cores).

### 7 Conclusion

bioBakery provides a complete meta'omic analysis environment with simple-to-use, reproducible workflows that efficiently process raw data into analysis reports containing publication-ready figures.

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*Conflict of Interest:* none declared.

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